## Let's Talk Finances

## **Fake Check Scams**



By Charles Schmalz President of East Wisconsin Savings Bank

Fake checks continue to be one of the most common instruments used to commit fraud against consumers. Before you deposit a check you weren't expecting or wire funds to an unknown recipient, here is what you should know:

## **How do Fake Check Scams Work?**

There are many variations of the scam. It usually starts with someone offering to:

- Buy something you advertised for sale
- Pay you to work at home
- Give you an "advance" on a sweepstakes you've won
- Give you the first installment on the millions you'll receive for agreeing to transfer money in a foreign country to your bank account for safekeeping

Fraudsters issue you a check or money order worth more than the amount owed to you and instruct you to wire the excess funds back to them before receiving your lump sum payment. After you've sent the money, you find out that the check or money order is bogus.

Tips to prevent fake check scams:

- Even if the check has "cleared," you may not be in the clear. Under federal law, banks must make deposited funds available quickly, but just because you can withdraw the money doesn't mean the check is good, even if it's a cashier's check or money order. If you have any questions about whether or not the check is good, talk to your banker. Be sure to explain the source of the check, the reasons it was sent to you, and whether you are being asked to wire money back.
- Don't be fooled by the appearance of the check. Scam artists are using sophisticated technology to create counterfeit checks that mirror the appearance of legitimate checks. Some are counterfeit money orders, some are phony cashier's checks and others look like they are from legitimate business accounts. The companies whose names appear may be real, but someone has created fraudulent checks without their knowledge.
- **Never 'pay to play.'** There is no legitimate reason for someone who is giving you money to ask you to wire money back or send you more than the exact amount that's a red flag that it's a scam. If a stranger wants to pay you for something, insist on a

cashier's check for the exact amount, preferably from a local bank or one with a local branch.

- Do not respond to online solicitations for "easy money." Social media scams like card cracking may offer "quick ways to earn extra cash," but keep in mind that easy money is rarely legal money.
- Verify the requestor before you wire or issue a check. It is important to know who
  you are sending money to before you send it. Just because someone contacted you
  doesn't mean they are a trusted source.
- Report any suspected fraud to your bank immediately. Bank staff are experts in spotting fraudulent checks. If you think someone is trying to pull a fake check scam, don't deposit it report it. Contact your bank and report it to the Federal Trade Commission (www.ftccomplaintassistant.gov) or The Better Business Bureau's Scam Tracker (www.bbb.org/scamtracker/us/).